**Breaking Down a Mathematics Standard** 

KAS: KY.HS. G.30

What is the domain/conceptual category/big idea? Geometry -> Modelina with Geometry Standards for Mathematical Practice MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically. MP.2. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.6. Attend to precision. MP.3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. MP.7. Look for and make use of structure. MP.4. Model with mathematics. MP.8. Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning. Cluster: What is the broader understanding that the standard plays a role in building? Apply apprehic concepts in modeling situations Clarifications **Standards** 

- Identify the target of the standard:
  - o conceptual understanding
  - procedural skill/fluency
  - application

Consider how the target of the standard will have an impact on instruction and assessment. (For more information, refer to p. 7, 10 and 15 of KAS for Mathematics.) Application: provides a valuable context tor learning & the opportunity to solve problems in a relevant and meaninatil wa Students: 1) select an efficient solution method reasoning to determine whether solution

3) develop critical thinking skills What key mathematics should students know and be able to do? Any mathematical object that represents asituation from outside mathematics and can be used to solve a problem about that situation is a mathematical model. Many of the formulas for things like area/surface area/ volume are the work of previous grades, the contexts ? modeling involved in HS must be more sophisticated than prior grades

- What are the specific representations/strategies that will need to be considered when planning instruction? The Modeling Process details components. Identify the problem, make assumptions lidentity variables, do the math, analyses assess the solution, iterate, implement the model.
- What are the possible misconceptions that will need to be addressed during instruction? Throwhout the modeling process students may need to make new assumptions to actailise usable result · Are the results practical? Reasonable?

## Previous Grade → Current Standard → Upcoming Grade Coherence:

- How does this standard build off of prior learning? In Grades 6-8; students apply geometric measurement to real-world mathematical problems to colcolate lestimate lengths avers (includings A).

  How does this standard support future learning?

  WHS 6-24 LYTIS 6-26 Will for the learning?
- KY.HS. G. 24, KY.HS. G. 25, KY.HS. G. 27: relate to each of these \* modeling
- How does this standard connect to other standards (or even other also modelina clusters or domains)? Relates to Number : Quantity

## **Attending to the Standards for Mathematical Practice**

• How are students engaging in the mathematical practices as they learn this content? (For more information, refer to p. 12-15 of KAS for Mathematics.)

MP.4 -> Students can apply the mathematics they know to solve problems that alise in everyday life. Students can make assumptions: approximations to simplify a complicated situation, realizing that these may need revision later

MP.1 -> Students unsider analogous problems, try special cases is impler forms of the original problem solutions students, monitor evaluate progress and change course, if necessary.

MP.6 -> Students communicate precisely to others, calculate accurately? express answers at an appropriate a