

**MORGAN COUNTY
SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES**

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by:

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Morgan County School District
West Liberty, KY
and the State Committee for School District Audits

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Morgan County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit Contract and Requirements. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan County School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB Liability and Schedule of Contributions for CERS and KTRS and Medical and Life and Health Insurance Plans comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Morgan County School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2019, on our consideration of the Morgan County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morgan County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Morgan County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, Kentucky
November 12, 2019

Morgan County Public School District
West Liberty, Kentucky
Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A)
Year Ended June 2019

As management of the Morgan County Public School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The beginning fund balance for fund 1 for the District was \$5,039,511 which includes Site Based CWFD in the amount of \$18,196, committed sick leave of \$125,784, and committed other of \$843,858. The committed other funds were for future projects such as district technology improvements, bus purchases, central office improvements, and future KSBIT payments. The CWFD amount was re-budgeted in the per pupil accounts for designated schools. The ending fund balance for fund 1 was \$4,796,832 which includes committed Site Based CWFD in the amount of \$22,877 and will be budgeted appropriately for FY 2020. The FY19 fund balance also included \$157,021 for committed sick leave liability and \$281,184 committed other. The remaining committed other funds are for future projects such district technology improvements and central office improvements.
- The General Fund had \$18,337,004 in revenue, including beginning balance and inter-fund transfers, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK), property, utility, motor vehicle taxes, Universal Service Fund reimbursement and Medicaid reimbursements. There was \$18,579,682 in General Fund expenditures including \$535,584 in inter-fund transfers which involved KETS, KISTA debt service and bond payments. Also included within this amount is \$165,118 budgeted for sick leave with an actual of \$57,145 paid out and long term sick leave liability reflected in the notes to the financial statements. On-behalf payments of \$4,545,816 are included in both revenue and expenditures.
- General fund absorbed fuel cost (0699-fuel reimbursement code) in the amount of \$61,113 for athletic and academic trips. The cost for fuel would be considerably higher if PTO's, school activity accounts and Fund 2 grants did not continue supporting this cost.
- The board also supplements various other areas including Gifted and Talented \$7,378; Technology \$25,095; Band \$4,995; Athletics (MCHS/MCMS) \$16,678; Academics Teams (MCMS/MCHS) \$2,221; Vocational \$2,755; Textbooks \$9,688 and Competition Based/District/Regional/National \$11,852. The combined total of \$80,662 for all of these programs was a \$22,872 decrease over the previous year.
- General fund salaries and benefits, excluding on-behalf payments, totaled \$10,346,230. This was \$147,313 increase from the previous year. Electricity cost decreased \$18,878 as compared to FY 2018 and are expected to continue to decrease with the opening of the new more energy efficient high school. However, overall utility cost only decreased by \$208 mainly due to an increase in sanitation cost of \$16,334.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with regulations of the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). During FY 2019, the district made bond payments totaling \$4,117,829 which includes \$2,681,191 in on-behalf payments made by the state. These payments

were made on bonds issued for construction / renovation of: New Morgan County High School, Wrigley Elementary, Morgan Central Elementary, Ezel Elementary renovation, and the District Energy Savings Project. Toward the end of FY 19, the district began the Area Tech Center renovation which will cost an estimated \$7,000,000. Bond sales will take place will take place in FY 20 and are currently planned for December.

- KISTA payments increased by \$15,978. The notes to the financial statements reflect liability for KISTA bus leases per paying agents for the district. The paying agent for buses is Huntington National Bank. During FY 19, the board purchased five new buses for the district instead of financing them.
- During FY19, the district made the final three payments totaling \$128,820 to the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust due to the dissolving of KSBIT.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Morgan County School District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

District-Wide Financial Statements - The district-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Morgan County School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Morgan County School District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Morgan County School District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Morgan County School District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The district-wide financial statements outline functions of the Morgan County School District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Capital assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The district-wide financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related

legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The only proprietary fund is our food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Morgan County School District, assets plus deferred outflows exceeded liabilities by approximately \$20,040,409 as of June 30, 2019. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

SEE TABLE ON NEXT PAGE

2019 District-Wide Governmental Net position compared to 2018 as follows:

Table 1
Net Position (in Millions)

	Governmental		Business-type		Total		Total
	Activities		Activities		School District		Percentage
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2019-2018
Assets:							
Current and Other Assets	28.36	12.33	0.38	0.41	28.74	12.73	-55.7%
Capital Assets	<u>58.61</u>	<u>74.12</u>	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.23</u>	<u>58.95</u>	<u>74.35</u>	26.%
Total Assets	<u>86.97</u>	<u>86.44</u>	<u>0.72</u>	<u>0.64</u>	<u>87.69</u>	<u>87.08</u>	-0.7%
Deferred Outflows							
Related OPEB	.76	0.67	0.03	0.02	1.79	0.69	-61.5%
Related to Pension	2.26	1.71	0.12	0.09	2.29	1.80	-21.4%
Savings related refunding bonds	<u>.35</u>	<u>0.30</u>			<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.30</u>	-14.3%
Total Deferred Outflows	<u>3.38</u>	<u>2.68</u>	<u>.15</u>	<u>0.11</u>	<u>3.53</u>	<u>2.79</u>	-21%
Liabilities:							
Current Liabilities	6.83	6.74	0.00	0.02	6.83	6.76	-1.0%
Noncurrent Liabilities	<u>64.31</u>	<u>60.91</u>	<u>0.48</u>	<u>0.44</u>	<u>64.80</u>	<u>61.35</u>	-5.3%
Total Liabilities	<u>71.15</u>	<u>67.65</u>	<u>0.48</u>	<u>0.46</u>	<u>71.63</u>	<u>68.11</u>	-4.9%
Deferred Inflows							
Related to OPEB	.18	.96	.01	0.02	.18	0.99	450%
Related to Pension	<u>.72</u>	<u>.74</u>	<u>.04</u>	<u>0.04</u>	<u>.75</u>	<u>0.78</u>	4%
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>.89</u>	<u>1.71</u>	<u>.05</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>.94</u>	<u>1.77</u>	88.3%
Net Position:							
Invested in Capital Assets							
Net of Debt	5.71	23.64	0.34	0.23	6.05	23.87	295%
Restricted	23.00	7.18	0.01	0.00	23.00	7.18	-68.8%
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>-10.40</u>	<u>-11.07</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>-10.40</u>	<u>-11.07</u>	-6.4%
Total Net Position	<u>18.31</u>	<u>19.76</u>	<u>0.88</u>	<u>0.23</u>	<u>18.66</u>	<u>19.98</u>	7.1%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Ending net position were \$20.04 million for the District. This was an increase of \$1.38 million from 2018.

Table 2
Changes in Net Position
(in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total School District		Total Percentage Change 2018-2019
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	
Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$0.20	\$(.39)	\$ 0.13	\$.05	\$ 0.33	\$(.35)	-206%
Operating grants and contributions	7.94	2.35	1.56	1.56	9.50	3.91	-59%
Capital grants and contributions	2.32	4.49	-	-	2.32	4.49	94%
General revenues	13.85	18.94	0.00	.01	13.85	18.95	37%
Total revenue	24.31	25.39	1.69	1.61	26.0	27.0	4%
Expenses:							
Instruction	11.97	11.83	-	-	11.97	11.83	-1%
Student	1.14	1.22	-	-	1.14	1.22	7%
Instructional staff	0.92	.91	-	-	0.92	.91	-1%
District administration	0.59	.66	-	-	0.59	.66	11.9%
School administration	1.24	1.18	-	-	1.24	1.18	-5%
Business	0.58	0.60	-	-	0.58	.60	3%
Plant operation & maintenance	2.13	2.39	-	-	2.13	2.39	12%
Student transportation	1.46	1.51	-	-	1.46	1.51	3%
Land Improvements	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community services operations	0.33	0.34	-	-	0.33	0.34	3%
Amortization	0.05	0.05	-	-	0.05	0.05	0%
Depreciation	1.59	1.63	0.06	0.07	1.65	1.70	3%
Interest on long-term debt	1.63	1.57	-	-	1.63	1.57	-4%
Loss on retirement of capital assets	0.00	0.00	-	-	0.00	0.00	0%
Food Service Operations	-	-	1.74	1.67	1.74	1.67	-4%
Extraordinary Item	-	-	0	0	0.00	0.00	00
Total Expenses	\$ 23.62	23.89	\$1.81	1.74	\$ 25.43	25.63	1%
Change in net position	\$.68	1.50	\$ (0.11)	(0.12)	\$0.57	\$1.38	140%

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2019, the District had \$90,343,085 invested in capital assets (Net of Depreciation), including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents an increase (including additions and deductions) of \$ 14,136,086 over last year.

Capital Assets at Year-End

	Governmental Activities		Business Type Activities		Totals	
	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019
Land	1,316,340	1,316,340	-		1,316,340	1,316,340
Land and Improvements	1,028,190	926,926	-		1,028,190	926,926
Buildings & Improvements	52,434,507	49,797,467	-		52,434,507	49,797,467
Technology Equipment	420,975	320,717	-		420,975	320,717
Vehicles	3,916,546	4,295,441	18,800	18,800	3,935,346	4,314,241
General Equipment	1,132,476	522,189	944,888	798,090	2,077,364	1,320,279
Construction In Progress	15,957,967	33,164,005	-		15,957,967	33,164,005

DEBT

Capital lease and general obligation debt decreased \$2,482,060 from FY 2018.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End
(in Millions)

	Government Activities	
	2018	2019
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.17
General Obligation Bonds	<u>51.83</u>	<u>49.60</u>
Total Obligations	\$ <u>53.25</u>	\$ <u>50.77</u>

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, the General Fund reflected a fund balance of \$4,796,832, which is less than last year's fund balance of \$5,039,511. The unassigned portion of the fund balance at the end of fiscal year 2019 is \$4,335,751, compared to \$4,051,673 from the preceding year.

The following table presents a summary of revenue and expense for the District as a whole for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019:

*Note This chart does not include beginning balances.

REVENUE	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	21	310	320	360	400	51
Local Revenue Sources	3,196,330	99,239	49,854		428,144	259,962		105,926
State Revenue Sources	14,633,243	696,508		175,493	1,035,470	82,741	2,681,191	147,095
Federal Revenue Sources	321,845	1,652,301				517,133		1,417,714
Other	10,093		-					
Transfers	175,493	36,853				355,397	1,436,638	
TOTALS	18,337,004	2,484,901	49,854	175,493	1,463,614	1,215,233	4,117,829	1,670,735
EXPENDITURES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund
	1	2	21	310	320	360	400	51
Instruction	9,458,169	1,742,246	17,625					
Student Support Services	1,129,544	91,090						
Instructional Staff Support Services	612,701	272,170	29,634					
District Admin Support	657,379	847						
School Admin Support	1,175,393							
Business Support Services	597,550							
Plant Operation & Management	2,419,064	78,197						
Student Transportation	1,949,826	1360						
Food Service Operations								1,676,652
Community Services	44,473	298,991						
Debt Service							4,117,829	
Site Improvement								
Building Acquisitions & Construction								
Building Improvements						463,643		
Other-Facilities						16,742,395		
Transfers	535,584	-		175,493	1,293,304	-		
TOTALS	18,579,683	2,484,901	47,259	175,493	1,293,304	17,206,038	4,117,829	1,676,652
Excess / (Deficit)	(242,679)	-	2,595	-	170,310	(15,990,805)	-	(5,917)

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's total general fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, net of Interfund transfers, Beginning Balance, Capital Lease Proceeds and sale of land /equipment was \$18,151,418.
- Excluding Capital Lease Proceeds, on-behalf payments and sale of land /equipment, general fund budget compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item, with the ending actual revenue being \$813,559 more than budgeted or approximately 4.6 percent.
- General fund budget expenditures to actual varied line item to line item with the actual expenditures being \$2,498,621 less than budgeted. When contingency is excluded, expenditures were only \$90,030 less than budgeted.

BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1-June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the district overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum of 2% contingency. Per PSD/CSD data submitted to Kentucky Department of Education certified staff increased 3 and classified 2 from last year. SEEK is the district's major source of revenue.

Issues which will impact future budgets include:

- Declining ADA which results in less SEEK funds.
- Declining federal funds.
- Continued insufficient funding of the state transportation formula.
- Possible changes to the state's pension funding for school districts.
- Increase of CERS contributions from 21.48% to 28.05% over the next few years.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Finance Officer, Addison Whitt or Superintendent, C. Thomas Potter II, Ed.D., at (606) 743-8002 or by mail at Morgan County Board of Education, 212 University Drive, West Liberty, Kentucky 41472.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

	Primary Government		
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,031,217	\$ 373,605	\$ 12,404,822
Receivables			
Taxes-current	28,104		28,104
Taxes-delinquent	4,246		4,246
Accounts	61,713	20,077	81,790
Intergovernmental-federal	20,486		20,486
Intergovernmental-state	180,239		180,239
Inventories		12,970	12,970
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	34,480,345		34,480,345
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	39,636,108	230,766	39,866,874
Total capital assets	<u>74,116,453</u>	<u>230,766</u>	<u>74,347,219</u>
Total assets	<u>86,442,458</u>	<u>637,418</u>	<u>87,079,876</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	670,450	22,459	692,909
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,708,243	87,663	1,795,906
Deferred savings from refunding bonds	299,384		299,384
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>2,678,077</u>	<u>110,122</u>	<u>2,788,199</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>89,120,535</u>	<u>747,540</u>	<u>89,868,075</u>
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	101,208	16,710	117,918
Accrued interest payable	553,846		553,846
Unearned revenue	3,328,335		3,328,335
Long-term liabilities:			
Due within 1 year:			
Bond obligations	2,320,000		2,320,000
Capital lease obligations	238,054		238,054
Sick leave	199,144		199,144
Total due within 1 year	<u>2,757,198</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,757,198</u>
Due in more than 1 year:			
Bond obligations	47,225,941		47,225,941
Capital lease obligations	937,182		937,182
Sick leave	114,898		114,898
Net OPEB liability	6,078,281	97,891	6,176,172
Net pension liability	6,513,324	334,249	6,847,573
Total due in more than 1 year	<u>60,869,626</u>	<u>432,140</u>	<u>61,301,766</u>
Total liabilities	<u>67,610,213</u>	<u>448,850</u>	<u>68,059,063</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	963,882	23,498	987,380
Deferred inflows related to pensions	743,089	38,134	781,223
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,706,971</u>	<u>61,632</u>	<u>1,768,603</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<u>69,317,184</u>	<u>510,482</u>	<u>69,827,666</u>
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in capital assets	23,694,660	230,766	23,925,426
Restricted			
Capital projects	7,180,709		7,180,709
Food services		6,292	6,292
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(11,072,018)</u>		<u>(11,072,018)</u>
Total net position	<u>19,803,351</u>	<u>237,058</u>	<u>20,040,409</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	<u>\$ 89,120,535</u>	<u>\$ 747,540</u>	<u>\$ 89,868,075</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2019

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:							
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$ 11,839,028	\$ -	\$ 1,483,037	\$ -	\$ (10,355,991)		\$ (10,355,991)
Support Services							
Student	1,220,634	44,809	119,986		(1,055,839)		(1,055,839)
Instructional Staff	914,505		89,894		(824,611)		(824,611)
District Administration	658,226		64,702		(593,524)		(593,524)
School Administration	1,175,393		115,539		(1,059,854)		(1,059,854)
Business	597,550		58,738		(538,812)		(538,812)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,390,353	(447,278)	234,967	1,810,837	(791,827)		(791,827)
Student Transportation	1,507,486	10,093	148,183		(1,349,210)		(1,349,210)
Food Service Operations		628	-		628		628
Community Services Operations	343,464		33,762		(309,702)		(309,702)
Amortization	53,372				(53,372)		(53,372)
Depreciation*	1,627,162				(1,627,162)		(1,627,162)
Interest on long-term debt	1,567,555			2,681,191	1,113,636		1,113,636
Total governmental activities	<u>23,894,728</u>	<u>(391,748)</u>	<u>2,348,809</u>	<u>4,492,028</u>	<u>(17,445,639)</u>		<u>(17,445,639)</u>
Business-type activities:							
Food service operations	1,665,797	45,945	1,564,809			\$ (55,043)	(55,043)
Depreciation	65,080					(65,080)	(65,080)
Total business-type activities	<u>1,730,877</u>	<u>45,945</u>	<u>1,564,809</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(120,123)</u>	<u>(120,123)</u>
Total primary government	\$ <u>25,625,605</u>	\$ <u>(345,803)</u>	\$ <u>3,913,618</u>	\$ <u>4,492,028</u>	<u>(17,445,639)</u>	<u>(120,123)</u>	<u>(17,565,762)</u>
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes					1,871,404		1,871,404
Motor vehicle taxes					394,363		394,363
Unmined minerals tax					9,509		9,509
Utility taxes					630,088		630,088
Franchise					301,223		301,223
State and formula grants					14,955,088		14,955,088
Unrestricted investment earnings					412,930	7,403	420,333
Other local					368,575		368,575
Total general revenues					<u>18,943,180</u>	<u>7,403</u>	<u>18,950,583</u>
Change in net position					1,497,541	(112,720)	1,384,821
Net position - beginning					18,305,810	349,778	18,655,588
Net position - ending					\$ <u>19,803,351</u>	\$ <u>237,058</u>	\$ <u>20,040,409</u>

*Unallocated depreciation that excludes depreciation which is included in the direct expenses of various programs, if any.

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	Governmental Funds					
	General	Special Revenue	Construction	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,693,104	\$ 116,692	\$ 6,532,559	\$ -	\$ 688,862	\$ 12,031,217
Receivables						
Taxes-current	28,104					28,104
Taxes-delinquent	4,246					4,246
Accounts	61,713					61,713
Intergovernmental-state		20,486				20,486
Intergovernmental-federal	87,950	92,289				180,239
Total assets	4,875,117	229,467	6,532,559	-	688,862	12,326,005
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	78,285	379	22,544			101,208
Unearned revenue		229,088				229,088
Total liabilities	78,285	229,467	22,544	-	-	330,296
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted			6,510,015		670,694	7,180,709
Committed	461,081				18,168	479,249
Unassigned	4,335,751					4,335,751
Total fund balance	4,796,832	-	6,510,015	-	688,862	11,995,709
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,875,117	\$ 229,467	\$ 6,532,559	\$ -	\$ 688,862	\$ 12,326,005

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$	11,995,709
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the statement of net position.		74,116,453
The central office building was purchased and the seller negotiated a sale leaseback that will be recorded as the purchase of the building as a capital asset and the part of the sale regarded as a lease will be recorded as unearned revenue and amortized over the term of the lease. Fund financials only reported the payment as an expenditure.		(3,099,247)
Costs associated with bond issues and refundings are expensed in the fund financial statements because they are a use of current financial resources but are capitalized on the statement of net position using the economic resources focus		299,384
Certain liabilities (such as bonds payable, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, accrued interest payable, other accounts payable, and net pension obligations) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Accrued interest payable		(553,846)
Bond obligations		(49,545,941)
Capital lease obligations		(1,175,236)
Sick leave liability		(314,042)
Net OPEB liability		(6,078,281)
Net pension liability		(6,513,324)
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,708,243
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		670,450
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		(963,882)
Deferred inflows related to pensions		(743,089)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	<u><u>19,803,351</u></u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>General</u>	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>Construction</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
REVENUES						
From Local Sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 1,443,260	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 428,144	\$ 1,871,404
Motor vehicle	394,363					394,363
Unmined Minerals	9,509					9,509
Utilities	630,088					630,088
Franchise	301,223					301,223
Earnings on investments	152,305	663	259,962			412,930
Food service	628					628
Student Activities					44,809	44,809
Other local revenue	264,954	98,576			5,045	368,575
Intergovernmental - state	14,633,243	696,508	82,741	2,681,191	1,210,963	19,304,646
Intergovernmental - federal	321,845	1,652,301	517,133			2,491,279
Total revenues	<u>18,151,418</u>	<u>2,448,048</u>	<u>859,836</u>	<u>2,681,191</u>	<u>1,688,961</u>	<u>25,829,454</u>
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	9,458,169	1,742,246			17,626	11,218,041
Support Services						
Student	1,129,544	91,090				1,220,634
Instructional Staff	612,701	272,170			29,634	914,505
District Administration	657,379	847				658,226
School Administration	1,175,393					1,175,393
Business	597,550					597,550
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,419,064	78,197				2,497,261
Student Transportation	1,949,826	1,360				1,951,186
Community Services Operations	44,473	298,991				343,464
Building Improvements			463,643			463,643
Other Facilities			16,742,395			16,742,395
Debt Service				4,117,829		4,117,829
Total expenditures	<u>18,044,099</u>	<u>2,484,901</u>	<u>17,206,038</u>	<u>4,117,829</u>	<u>47,260</u>	<u>41,900,127</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	107,319	(36,853)	(16,346,202)	(1,436,638)	1,641,701	(16,070,673)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of land and equipment	10,093					10,093
Operating transfers in	175,493	36,853	355,397	1,436,638		2,004,381
Operating transfers (out)	(535,584)				(1,468,797)	(2,004,381)
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>(349,998)</u>	<u>36,853</u>	<u>355,397</u>	<u>1,436,638</u>	<u>(1,468,797)</u>	<u>10,093</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(242,679)	-	(15,990,805)	-	172,904	(16,060,580)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>5,039,511</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,500,820</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>515,958</u>	<u>28,056,289</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 4,796,832</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 6,510,015</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 688,862</u>	<u>\$ 11,995,709</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
**Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities**
Year ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (16,060,580)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(481,492)
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(481,492)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However in the Statement of Activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District OPEB contributions less costs of benefits earned net employee contributions	(205,841)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the statement of activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlays exceeds depreciation expense for the year.	
	15,510,026
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts on the sale of bonds is reported as revenue and expense in the fund financials but are amortized over the life of the bonds on the statement of activities.	
	16,524
The difference in the issue amount of the refunding of bond proceeds and the amount for payment to the escrow account to pay the refunded bonds is amortized over the life of the refunding issue.	
	(53,372)
The central office building was purchased and the seller negotiated a sale leaseback that will be recorded as the purchase of the building as a capital asset and the part of the sale regarded as a lease will be recorded as unearned revenue and amortized over the term of the lease. Fund financials only reported the payment as an expenditure.	
	172,180
Bond and capital lease payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the statement of net position.	
	2,515,536
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the statement of activities when they are incurred.	
Accrued interest payable	18,214
KSBIT payable	128,820
Sick leave payable	(62,474)
	1,497,541
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,497,541

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
From Local Sources				
Taxes				
Property	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,443,260	\$ 243,260
Motor vehicle	350,000	350,000	394,363	44,363
Unmined minerals			9,509	9,509
Utilities	575,000	575,000	630,088	55,088
Franchise	200,000	200,000	301,223	101,223
Earnings on investments	10,000	10,000	152,305	142,305
Food service			628	628
Other local revenue	91,146	90,259	264,954	174,695
Intergovernmental - state	13,590,205	13,560,010	14,633,243	1,073,233
Intergovernmental - federal	285,000	285,000	321,845	36,845
Total revenues	<u>16,301,351</u>	<u>16,270,269</u>	<u>18,151,418</u>	<u>1,881,149</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	8,899,147	9,034,578	9,458,169	(423,591)
Support Services				
Student	1,112,287	1,132,627	1,129,544	3,083
Instructional Staff	602,696	602,696	612,701	(10,005)
District Administration	735,138	787,409	657,379	130,030
School Administration	1,189,730	1,188,526	1,175,393	13,133
Business	587,914	608,502	597,550	10,952
Plant Operation & Maintenance	2,415,366	2,566,648	2,419,064	147,584
Student Transportation	1,667,654	2,194,788	1,949,826	244,962
Community Services Operations	18,355	18,355	44,473	(26,118)
Total expenditures	<u>17,228,287</u>	<u>18,134,129</u>	<u>18,044,099</u>	<u>90,030</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(926,936)	(1,863,860)	107,319	1,971,179
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of land and equipment			10,093	10,093
Operating transfers in		175,493	175,493	-
Operating transfers out	(495,251)	(535,584)	(535,584)	-
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>(495,251)</u>	<u>(360,091)</u>	<u>(349,998)</u>	<u>10,093</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,422,187)	(2,223,951)	(242,679)	1,981,272
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	<u>4,103,422</u>	<u>4,632,543</u>	<u>5,039,511</u>	<u>406,968</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 2,681,235</u>	<u>\$ 2,408,592</u>	<u>\$ 4,796,832</u>	<u>\$ 2,388,240</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Special Revenue Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
From Local Sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ 469	\$ 663	\$ 194
Other local revenue	72,150	90,358	98,576	8,218
Intergovernmental - state	699,259	738,829	696,508	(42,321)
Intergovernmental - federal	1,562,456	1,589,140	1,652,301	63,161
Total revenues	<u>2,333,865</u>	<u>2,418,796</u>	<u>2,448,048</u>	<u>29,252</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	1,684,231	1,726,020	1,742,246	(16,226)
Support Services				
Student	73,975	76,475	91,090	(14,615)
Instructional Staff	239,604	244,667	272,170	(27,503)
District Administration			847	(847)
Plant Operation & Maintenance	88,208	94,574	78,197	16,377
Student Transportation	7,972	7,972	1,360	6,612
Community Services Operations	283,875	305,940	298,991	6,949
Total expenditures	<u>2,377,865</u>	<u>2,455,648</u>	<u>2,484,901</u>	<u>(29,253)</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(44,000)	(36,852)	(36,853)	(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in (out)	44,000	36,852	36,853	1
Total other financing sources and (uses)	<u>44,000</u>	<u>36,852</u>	<u>36,853</u>	<u>1</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Net Position
Proprietary Fund
June 30, 2019

		School Food Services
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	373,605
Accounts receivable		20,077
Inventories		12,970
Capital assets:		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		230,766
Total assets		<u>637,418</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		87,663
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		22,459
Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>110,122</u>
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u><u>747,540</u></u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		16,710
Net pension liability		334,249
Net OPEB liability		97,891
Total Liabilities		<u>448,850</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		38,134
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		23,498
Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>61,632</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u>510,482</u>
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in capital assets		230,766
Restricted		6,292
Total net position		<u>237,058</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	<u><u>747,540</u></u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position
Proprietary Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

		School Food Services
OPERATING REVENUES		
Lunchroom sales	\$	98,525
Total operating revenues		98,525
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Depreciation		65,080
Food service operations		
Employee services		645,834
Operational expenses		1,019,963
Total operating expenses		1,730,877
Operating income (loss)		(1,632,352)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Federal grants		1,417,714
State grants		147,095
Loss on retirement of capital assets		(52,579)
Earnings from investments		7,402
Total nonoperating revenues		1,519,632
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(112,720)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		349,778
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	237,058

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Cash Flows
Proprietary Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>School Food Services</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$ 98,525
Payments to suppliers	(985,267)
Payments to employees	(645,834)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(1,532,576)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Loss on sale of capital assets	(52,579)
Purchase of capital assets	(5,151)
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	<u>(5,151)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Intergovernmental revenue	1,564,809
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	<u>1,564,809</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest	7,403
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>7,403</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	34,485
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	<u>339,120</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	<u>\$ 373,605</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,632,352)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	65,080
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables	24
Inventories	9,301
Deferrals	42,277
Deferrals	16,400
Pension liability	(24,503)
OPEB liability	(25,324)
Accounts Payable	16,521
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ (1,532,576)</u>

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES

During the year, the district received \$97,378 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

During the year, the district recognized revenues and expenses for on-behalf payments relating to fringe benefits in the amount of \$135,146 provided by state government.

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
Fiduciary Fund
June 30, 2019

	<u>School Activity Funds</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 133,953
Accounts receivable	<u>9,833</u>
 TOTAL ASSETS	 <u><u>143,786</u></u>
 LIABILITIES	
Due to student groups	<u>143,786</u>
 TOTAL LIABILITIES	 \$ <u><u>143,786</u></u>

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended June 30, 2019

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Morgan County Board of Education (“Board”), a five-member group, is the level of government, which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Morgan County Board of Education (“District”). The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental “reporting entity” as defined in Section 2100-Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies, which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Morgan County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the District itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

Blended Component Unit:

Morgan County Board Of Education Finance Corporation

The Board authorized establishment of the Morgan County Board Of Education Finance Corporation a non-stock, non-profit corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (the “Corporation”) to act as an agency of the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board of Directors of the Corporation shall be the same persons who are at any time the members of the Board of Education of the Morgan County Board of Education.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in fund balance. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

The District has the following funds:

I. Governmental Fund Types

(A) General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

(B) Special Revenue (Grant) Fund

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trust funds or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(C) District Activity Fund

The District Activity Fund is a Special Revenue Fund and is used to account for funds collected at individual schools for operation costs of the schools or school district that allows for more flexibility in the expenditures of those funds.

(D) Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Fund).

SEEK Capital Outlay Fund

The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects as identified in the District's facility plan.

Building (FSPK) Fund

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy that is required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.

Construction Fund

The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sale of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

(E) Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law. This is a major fund of the District.

II. Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds)

Food Service Fund

The School Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

III. Fiduciary Fund Types

Agency Funds

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with “Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds.”

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions – Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue – Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement the revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

Inventories

Inventory consists of food purchased by the District and commodities granted by the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). The commodities are recognized as revenues and expenditures by the Food Service Fund when consumed. Any material commodities on hand at year end are recorded as inventory. All purchased inventory items are valued at the lower of cost or market (first-in, first-out) using the consumption method and commodities assigned values are based on information provided by the USDA.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the fiscal period end are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the government funds. These assets are reported in the government activities column of the government-wide financial statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of five thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant and equipment of the district are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Estimated Lives</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Other	10 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgment, the non-current portion of capital leases, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension and OPEB contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of the accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five categories as defined by GASB 54 as follows:

Nonspendable:	Permanently nonspendable by decree of the donor, such as an endowment, or funds that are not in a spendable form, such as prepaid expenses or inventory on hand.
Restricted	Legally restricted under legislation, bond authority, or grantor contract.
Committed	Commitments of future funds for specific purposes passed by the Board.
Assigned	Funds that are intended by management to be used for a specific purpose, including encumbrances.
Unassigned	Funds available for any purpose; unassigned amounts are reported only in the General Fund unless a fund has a deficit.

The Board has adopted a GASB 54 spending policy which states that the spending order of funds is to first use restricted, committed, and assigned resources first, then unassigned resources as they are needed.

Net Position

The statement of net position presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position are reported in three categories:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1) invested in capital assets net of related debt – consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets; 2) restricted net position – resulting from constraints placed on net position by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District; 3) unrestricted net position – those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net position or invested in capital assets. It is the District's policy to first apply restricted net position and then unrestricted net position when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues – Property taxes are levied each September on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited in the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2019, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.622 per \$100 valuation of real property, \$.622 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.533 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private organizations and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The amount of such services and donated commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term inter-fund loans are classified as “inter-fund receivables/payables”. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Interfund Transfers

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until the appropriate period. The District reports three types of deferred outflows – contributions to the CERS’s pension and OPEB plans after the measurement period and the unrecognized portion of a deferred loss on the refinancing of long-term debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until the appropriate period. The District reports two types of deferred inflows related to the net difference projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (“CERS”) and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (“KTRS”) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers’ Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS), and the County Retirement System of Kentucky (CERS), and additions to/deductions from TRS’s/CERS’s fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS/CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Bond and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenditures, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Process

The District prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is the same basis as used to prepare the Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end. The Kentucky Department of Education does not require the Capital Project Funds and Debt Service Funds to prepare budgets.

The District's Special Revenue Fund expenditures exceeded its appropriations by \$29,253.

New Pronouncements

GASB issued Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset retirement Obligations*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt*, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The adoption of GASB Statement Numbers 83 and 88 did not have an impact on the District's financial position or results of operations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District will adopt the following new accounting pronouncements in future years:

GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

The impact of these pronouncements on the District's financial statement has not been determined.

NOTE B – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Kentucky Revised Statutes authorize the District to invest money subject to its control in obligations of the United States; bonds or certificates of indebtedness of Kentucky and its agencies and instrumentalities; savings and loan associations insured by an agency of the United States up to the amount insured; and national or state banks chartered in Kentucky and insured by an agency of the United States providing such banks pledge as security obligations, as permitted by KRS 41.240(4), having a current quoted market value at least equal to uninsured deposits.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

At year end the District's bank balances were not fully collateralized by securities held by the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name and FDIC insurance. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$12,538,775. The bank balance for the same time was \$13,762,527.

Due to the nature of the accounts and certain limitations imposed on the use of funds, each bank account within the following funds is considered to be restricted: SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, Facility Support Program (FSPK/Building) Fund, special Revenue (Grant Fund), Debt Service Fund, School Construction Fund, School Food Service Fund, and School Activity Fund.

NOTE C – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Land	\$ 1,316,340	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,316,340
Land improvements	1,028,190	19,950	121,213	926,927
Buildings	52,434,507	48,886	2,685,925	49,797,468
Technology equipment	420,975	-	100,257	320,718
Vehicles	3,916,546	443,700	64,805	4,295,441
General equipment	1,132,476	38,072	648,359	522,189
Construction in progress	15,957,967	17,206,038	-	33,164,005
Total at historical cost	\$ <u>76,207,000</u>	\$ <u>17,756,646</u>	\$ <u>3,620,559</u>	\$ <u>90,343,087</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	264,741	52,407	54,546	262,603
Buildings	13,489,000	1,227,840	2,199,873	12,516,966
Technology equipment	411,232	5,551	96,065	320,718
Vehicles	2,561,949	275,985	61,130	2,776,804
General equipment	873,651	65,380	589,488	349,543
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>17,600,573</u>	\$ <u>1,627,162</u>	\$ <u>3,001,102</u>	\$ <u>16,226,634</u>
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets-net	\$ <u>58,606,427</u>	\$ <u>16,129,484</u>	\$ <u>619,457</u>	\$ <u>74,116,453</u>
<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>July 1, 2018</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2019</u>
Technology equipment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Vehicles	18,800	-	-	18,800
General equipment	944,888	5,150	151,948	798,090
Total at historical cost	\$ <u>963,688</u>	\$ <u>5,150</u>	\$ <u>151,948</u>	\$ <u>816,890</u>
Less: Accumulated depreciation				
Technology equipment	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Vehicles	18,800	-	-	18,800
General equipment	601,614	65,080	99,368	567,325
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ <u>620,414</u>	\$ <u>65,080</u>	\$ <u>99,368</u>	\$ <u>586,125</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Capital Assets-net	\$ <u>343,275</u>	\$ <u>(59,930)</u>	\$ <u>52,579</u>	\$ <u>230,766</u>

Depreciation expense was not allocated to governmental functions. It appears on the statement of activities as “unallocated”.

NOTE D – DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds

The amount shown in the accompanying financial statements as bonded debt and lease obligations represent the District’s future obligations to make payments relating to the bonds issued by the Morgan County School District Finance Corporation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes), Building (FSPK) Fund, and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund is obligated to make lease payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Fiscal Court to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The original amount of outstanding issues, the issue dates, interest rates, maturity dates, and outstanding balances, at June 30, 2019 are summarized below:

<u>Bond Issue</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>2018</u>			<u>2019</u>
				<u>Outstanding Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance</u>
2016A	\$ 1,335,000	3/1/2036	1.5-3.125%	\$ 1,275,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000	\$ 1,245,000
2017	30,670,000	8/1/2037	3-3.25%	30,670,000	-	1,000,000	29,670,000
2012	11,490,000	5/1/2032	2.9 - 3.5%	9,480,000	-	535,000	8,945,000
2013R	6,050,000	10/1/2025	1.5 - 2.2%	4,570,000	-	545,000	4,025,000
2013RA	1,169,000	9/1/2023	.70 - 2.4%	120,000	-	20,000	100,000
2013	840,000	2/1/2033	2.3 - 3.0%	665,000	-	35,000	630,000
2016B	\$ 4,855,000	3/1/2036	1.5-3.125%	4,640,000	-	105,000	4,535,000
				51,420,000	-	2,270,000	49,150,000
Add	Premium			1,016,757	-	56,486	960,271
Less	Discount			(604,292)	-	(39,962.00)	(564,330)
Totals				\$ 51,832,465	\$ -	\$ 2,286,524	\$ 49,545,941

The District has entered into “participation agreements” with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission. The Kentucky Legislature, for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs, created the Commission. The table following sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2019 for debt service, (principal and interest) are as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended June 30th</u>	<u>Principal</u>			<u>Interest</u>			<u>Principal Total</u>	<u>Interest Total</u>
	<u>Local</u>	<u>SFCC</u>	<u>Urgent Need</u>	<u>Local</u>	<u>SFCC</u>	<u>Urgent Need</u>		
2020	635,931	766,161	917,908	517,963	187,430	811,972	2,320,000	1,517,365
2021	657,830	776,306	945,864	503,611	174,380	784,016	2,380,000	1,462,006
2022	681,822	793,506	974,672	486,699	159,080	755,208	2,450,000	1,400,986
2023	708,559	807,156	999,285	468,243	142,229	730,595	2,515,000	1,341,066
2024	737,676	827,167	1,035,157	448,425	123,919	694,723	2,600,000	1,267,068
2025-2029	4,170,349	2,444,827	5,874,824	1,899,752	374,289	2,774,578	12,490,000	5,048,619
2030-2034	5,187,626	1,120,885	7,056,489	1,165,175	123,805	1,592,911	13,365,000	2,881,891
2035-2038	4,298,941	238,036	6,493,023	283,151	13,469	426,496	11,030,000	723,116
	\$17,078,734	\$ 7,774,044	\$ 24,297,222	\$ 5,773,018	\$ 1,298,600	\$ 8,570,497	\$49,150,000	\$15,642,115

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

KSBIT

The District elected to take advantage of the 0% interest option repayment plan for the worker's compensation and property and liability insurance deficit with the now defunct Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust. The repayment plan required the District to pay 25% of the worker's compensation deficit during fiscal year 2018 with the remaining balance to be repaid over the next six years, and to pay 40% of the property and liability deficit during fiscal year 2018 with the remaining balance to be repaid over the next two years. In fiscal year 2019 the district made the decision to pay the remaining balance. The activity during fiscal year 2019 for the worker's compensation and property and liability deficit are as follows:

Insurance Fund	2018 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements	2019 Outstanding Balance
Worker's Compensation	\$ 128,820	\$ -	\$ 128,820	\$ -
Totals	\$ 128,820	\$ -	\$ 128,820	\$ -

Accumulated Sick Leave

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. The activity during fiscal year 2019 for accumulated sick leave is as follows:

	2018 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements	2019 Outstanding Balance
Sick Leave	\$ 251,568	\$ 62,474	\$ -	\$ 314,042
Totals	\$ 251,568	\$ 62,474	\$ -	\$ 314,042

Net Pension & OPEB Liability

The net pension liability is \$6,513,324 for governmental activities and \$334,249 for business-type activities for a total of \$6,847,573 as of June 30, 2019. (See Note G for additional information) The net OPEB liability is \$6,078,281 for governmental activities and \$97,891 for business-type activities for a total of \$6,176,172 as of June 30, 2019. (See Note I for additional information).

A summary of activity in bond obligations and other debts is as follows:

Description	2018 Outstanding Balance	Additions	Retirements	2019 Outstanding Balance	Amount Due in 1 Year
Bonds, Net Premium and Discount	\$ 51,832,465	\$ -	\$ 2,286,524	\$ 49,545,941	\$ 2,320,000
KSBIT	128,820	-	128,820	-	-
Capital Leases (See Note E below)	1,420,772	-	245,536	1,175,236	238,054
Sick Leave	251,568	62,474	-	314,042	199,144
Net OPEB Liability	6,973,572	-	797,400	6,176,172	-
Net Pension Liability	6,875,101	-	27,528	6,847,573	-
Totals	\$ 67,482,298	\$ 62,474	\$ 3,475,808	\$ 64,068,964	\$ 2,757,198

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE E – LEASES

The following is an analysis of the leased property under capital lease by class:

<u>KISTA Issue</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>2018 Outstanding Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>2019 Outstanding Balance</u>
2018	\$ 277,590	3/1/2028	2.0-3.0%	\$ 277,590	\$ -	\$ 29,805	\$ 247,785
2009	78,619	3/1/2019	2.0 - 3.9%	7,482	-	7,482	-
2011	335,529	3/1/2021	1.0 - 4.0%	97,167	-	35,599	61,568
2012	347,246	3/1/2022	2.0 - 2.625%	135,055	-	35,632	99,423
2012B	82,353	3/1/2022	.95 - 2.5%	31,771	-	8,361	23,410
2013	364,767	3/1/2023	2.0%	178,179	-	36,878	141,301
2014	272,578	3/1/2024	2.0 - 3.0%	160,825	-	26,821	134,004
2017	265,228	3/1/2027	2.55%	237,459	-	29,091	208,368
2016	377,589	3/1/2026	2.0-2.625%	295,244	-	35,867	259,377
Totals				\$ 1,420,772	\$ -	\$ 245,536	\$ 1,175,236

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended June 30th</u>	<u>Principal Local</u>	<u>Interest Local</u>	<u>Total</u>
2020	238,054	29,725	267,779
2021	224,787	24,316	249,103
2022	191,234	18,576	209,810
2023	150,596	13,962	164,558
2024	120,940	10,247	131,187
2025-2027	249,625	14,596	264,221
	\$ 1,175,236	\$ 111,424	\$ 1,286,660

Total minimum lease payments	\$ 1,286,660
Less: Amount representing interest	(111,424)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$ 1,175,236

The assets acquired through the capital leases are as follows:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>
Buses	\$ 2,742,076
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,248,710)
Total	\$ 1,493,366

NOTE F – COMMITMENTS UNDER NON-CAPITALIZED LEASES

Commitments under operating lease agreements for office equipment provided for the minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2020	20,547
2021	10,732
2022	1,449
2023	<u>121</u>
	<u>32,849</u>

Expenditures for equipment under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$50,002.

NOTE G – RETIREMENT PLANS

The District's employees are provided with two pension plans, based on each position's college degree requirement. The Kentucky Teachers Retirement System covers positions requiring teaching certification or otherwise requiring a college degree. The County Employees Retirement System covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certification.

Teachers Retirement System Kentucky (TRS)

Plan description—Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information>.

Benefits provided—For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Participants that retire before age 60 with less than 27 years of service receive reduced retirement benefits. Non-university members with an account established prior to July 1, 2002 receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. New members (including second retirement accounts) after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, employees who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation. Effective July 1, 2008, the system has been amended to change the benefit structure for members hired on or after that date.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Employees at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. TRS also provides disability benefits for vested employees at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions—Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university employees are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions in the amount of 13.105% of salaries for local school district employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district employees whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 15.355% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description—In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy—In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

three percent (3.00%) from the employer. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to TRS

At June 30, 2019 the District did not report a liability for the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net pension liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District		<u>30,408,671</u>
	\$	<u><u>30,408,671</u></u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June, 30, 2019, the District’s proportion was 0.2322%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	27.4 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Projected Salary Increase	3.50 – 7.30%, includes wage inflation of 3.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, includes price inflation of 3.00%

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.
- Single Equivalent Interest Rate increased to 7.50%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a setforward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The most recent experience study based on the results from July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015 adopted by the Board on September 19, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.4%
Non U.S. Equity	22.0%	5.3%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.5%
Additional Categories	8.0%	3.6%
Real Estate	6.0%	4.4%
Alternatives	7.0%	6.7%
Cash	2.0%	0.8%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, adjusted by 95%, for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments through 2037 and a municipal bond index rate of 3.56% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments after 2037. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) that discounts the entire projected benefit stream to the same amount as the sum of the present values of the two separate benefit payments streams was used to determine the total pension liability.

The following table presents the net pension liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the Commonwealth’s net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
KTRS	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
Commonwealth's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 38,978,462	\$ 30,408,671	\$ 23,198,337

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report which is publically available at <http://www.TRS.ky.gov/>.

County Employees Retirement System

Plan description—Substantially all full-time classified employees of the District participate in the County Employees Retirement System (“CERS”). CERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky General Assembly, The plan covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of each county and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the plan. The plan provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members.

CERS issues a publicly available financial report included in the Kentucky Retirement Systems Annual Report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for CERS. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601, or by calling (502) 564-4646 or at <https://kyret.ky.gov>.

Benefits provided: Benefits under the plan will vary based on final compensation, years of service and other factors as fully described in the plan documents.

Contributions: Funding for CERS is provided by members, who contribute 5.00% (6.00% for employees hired after September 1, 2008) of their salary through payroll deductions, and by employers of members. For the year ending June 30, 2019, employers were required to contribute 21.48% of the member’s salary. During the year ending June 30, 2019, the District contributed \$584,933 to the CERS pension plan. The contribution requirements of CERS are established and may be amended by the CERS Board of Trustees.

CERS-Medical Insurance Plan

In addition to the CERS pension benefits described above, recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to CERS

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2018 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to CERS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.112434 %.

District's proportionate share of CERS net pension liability	\$	6,847,573
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net pension liability associated with the District		-
	\$	6,847,573

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$491,421. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 223,349	100,234
Changes of assumptions	669,207	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	318,417	400,523
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	280,466
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	584,933	-
	\$ 1,795,906	\$ 781,223

The \$584,933 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five year period. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are amortized over the average service life of all members. These will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Year Ended		June 30,
2020	\$			419,488
2021				169,540
2022				(122,527)
2023				(36,751)
	\$			429,750

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total pension liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	27 years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4% average
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018:

- The assumed investment rate of return increased to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation increased to 3.25%.
- The Salary Increase increased to 4.00%.
- The Asset Valuation Method changed to 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

The mortality table used for active members is RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females). For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females). For disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement. There is some margin in the current mortality tables for possible future improvement in mortality rates and that margin will be reviewed again when the next experience investigation is conducted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared every five years for CERS. The most recent analysis, performed for the period covering fiscal years 2008 through 2013 is outlined in a report dated April 30, 2014. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by CERS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Combined Equity	35.0%	5.85%
Combined Fixed Income	24.0%	6.69%
Global Bond	4.0%	3.00%
Real Return (Diversified Inflation Strategies)	10.0%	7.00%
Real Estate	5.0%	9.00%
Absolute Return (Diversified Hedge Funds)	10.0%	5.00%
Private Equity	10.0%	6.50%
Cash Equivalent	<u>2.0%</u>	1.50%
	<u>100.0%</u>	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment return of 6.25%. The long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25%) than the current rate:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS	5.25%	6.25%	7.25%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 8,620,386	\$ 6,847,573	\$ 5,362,267

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report which is publically available at <https://kyret.ky.gov>.

Payables to the pension plan: At June 30, 2018, there are no payables to CERS.

Other Retirement Plans

The District also offers employees the option to participate in defined contribution plans under Sections 403(B) and 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. All regular full-time and part-time employees are eligible to participate and may contribute up to the maximum allowable by law. These plans are administered by an independent third-party administrator.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until their termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

GASB Statement No. 32, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, allows entities with little or no administrative involvement and who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not report these assets and liabilities on its financial statements. Employee contributions made to the plans during the year totaled \$261,806. The District does not contribute to these plans.

NOTE H – ACCOUNTING STANDARDS STATEMENT NO. 75

Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEB’s, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

Reporting under GASB 75 is effective for fiscal years commencing after June 15, 2017.

NOTE I – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN OPEB

The District’s employees participate in retirement systems of either TRS or CERS as described earlier. The following describes the postemployment benefits other than OPEB for both systems.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

TRS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through TRS – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <http://www.trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information>.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans.

Retiree Medical Plan funded by the Medical Insurance Fund

Plan description—In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three point seventy-five percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$4,210,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .121336 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability	\$	4,210,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District		<u>3,628,000</u>
	\$	<u><u>7,838,000</u></u>

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 401,000
Changes of assumptions	108,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	32,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	73,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>124,807</u>	<u>-</u>
	\$ <u><u>232,807</u></u>	\$ <u><u>506,000</u></u>

The \$124,807 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District’s OPEB expense as follows:

		Year Ended June 30,
		<u> </u>
2020	\$	(79,000)
2021		(79,000)
2022		(79,000)
2023		(64,000)
2024		(67,000)
Thereafter		<u>(30,000)</u>
	\$	<u><u>(398,000)</u></u>

Changes of Benefit Terms - None

Changes of Assumptions- The amortization period decreased to 23 years and the Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability was determined using an actuarial valuation of the June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	23 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, includes price inflation
Inflation	3.0%
Real Wage Growth	.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increase	3.50 to 7.20%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a setforward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS’s investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	4.6%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	5.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	6.5%	6.3%
High Yield	20.0%	3.3%
Cash	1.0%	0.9%
	<hr style="width: 50%; margin: 0 auto;"/> 100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2017. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50%.
- For the retiree health care costs of those beneficiaries under age 65, the KEHP implicit rate subsidies were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer directly to plan members as the benefits come due.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Future contributions to the MIF were based upon the contribution rates defined in statute and the projected payroll of active employees. Per KRS 161.540(1)(c).3 and 161.550(5), when the MIF achieves a sufficient prefunded status, as determined by the retirement system’s actuary, the following MIF statutory contributions are to be decreased, suspended, or eliminated:

- Employee Contributions
- School District/ University Contributions
- State Contributions for KEHP premium subsidies payable to retirees who retire after June 30, 2010

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

To reflect these adjustments, open group projections were used and assumed an equal, pro rata reduction to the current statutory amount in the years if/when the MIF is projected to achieve a Funded Ratio of 100% or more. Here, the current statutory amounts are adjusted to achieve total contributions equal to the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), as determined by the prior year’s valuation and in accordance with the MIF’s funding policy (Schedule E). As the specific methodology to be used for the adjustments has yet to be determined, there may be differences between the projected results and future experience. This may also include any changes to retiree contributions for KEHP coverage pursuant to KRS 161.675(4)(b).

In developing the adjustments to the statutory contributions in future years the following was assumed:

- Liabilities and cash flows are net of expected retiree contributions and any implicit subsidies attributable to coverage while participating in KEHP.
- A 0% active member growth rate was assumed for the purposes of developing estimates for new entrants (membership dates beyond June 30, 2016).

Based on these assumptions, the MIF’s fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the Commonwealth associated with the District, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Commonwealth’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
KTRS District's & State's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 9,192,000	\$ 7,838,000	\$ 6,711,000

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's & State's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 6,500,000	\$ 7,838,000	\$ 9,490,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Other Post Employment Benefits Liabilities related to the Life Insurance Plan funded by - Life Insurance Plan (LIF)

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan - TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided - Effective July 1, 2000, the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System shall:

- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for its members who are retired for service or disability. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of a member retired for service or disability to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system; and
- Provide a life insurance benefit in a minimum amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) for its active contributing members. This life insurance benefit shall be payable upon the death of an active contributing member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member on a form prescribed by the retirement system.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

Note: Members employed on a substitute or part-time basis and working at least 69% of a full contract year in a single fiscal year will be eligible for a life insurance benefit for the balance of the fiscal year or the immediately succeeding fiscal year under certain conditions. For non-vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, the life insurance benefit is provided if death occurs as the result of a physical injury on the job. For vested members employed on a substitute or part-time basis, death does not have to be the result of a physical injury on the job for life insurance benefits to be provided.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District's proportionate share of KTRS net OPEB liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the KTRS net OPEB liability associated with the District		<u>62,000</u>
	\$	<u><u>62,000</u></u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$64,572 and revenue of \$64,572 for support provided by the State.

Changes of Benefit Terms— Discount rate decreased to 7.5%. Amortization method changed from open to closed. Municipal bond interest rate increased to 3.89%. Inflation increased to 3.5%. Wage inflation increased to 4.0%.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.5%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, includes price inflation
Inflation	3.5%
Real Wage Growth	.50%
Wage Inflation	4.00%
Salary Increase	4.00-8.10%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018:

- Amortization period switched to closed.
- Projected salary increases increased to 4%.
- Inflation rate increased to 3.5%.
- Wage inflation increased to 4%.
- Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025 (with a setforward of 1 year for females and 2 years for males). The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	23.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.3%
Other Additional Categories	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projections basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2018. In addition to actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership present on the Valuation Date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 4.00%.
- The employer will contribute the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) in accordance with the funds funding policy determined by a valuation performed on a date two years prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the ADC applies.
- As administrative expenses were assumed to be paid in all years by the employer as they come due, they were not considered.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the plan.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the LIF's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the District’s proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
KTRS	7.00%	8.00%	9.00%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 95,000	\$ 62,000	\$ 36,000

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

CERS – General Information about the OPEB Plans

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees’ Health Plan

Plan description – Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Benefits provided – Post Retirement Death Benefits – members with a least 4 years creditable service the System will pay a \$5,000 death benefit. Insurance benefits as described above.

Contributions - Requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above. Current employees pay 1% toward the insurance fund.

The unfunded medical benefit obligation of the CERS, based upon the entry age normal cost method, as of June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Total medical benefit obligation	\$ 3,092,623
Net position available for benefits at actuarial value	<u>(2,371,430)</u>
Unfunded medical benefit obligation	<u>\$ 721,193</u>

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,966,172 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .11243000 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 1,966,172
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	<u>-</u>
	\$ <u><u>1,966,172</u></u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$43,410. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	232,627
Changes of assumptions	398,666	4,612
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	137,497
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	106,644
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>61,436</u>	<u>-</u>
	\$ <u><u>460,102</u></u>	\$ <u><u>481,380</u></u>

The \$61,436 (includes \$32,202 Implicit Subsidy) reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District’s OPEB expense as follows:

		Year Ended June 30,
		<hr/>
2020	\$	(13,219)
2021		(13,219)
2022		(13,219)
2023		13,485
2024		(37,620)
Thereafter		<hr/> (18,924) <hr/>
	\$	<hr/> <hr/> (82,716) <hr/>

Implicit Employer Subsidy- The fully-insured premiums KRS pays for the Kentucky Employees’ Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy be included in the calculation of the Total OPEB Liability.

*Changes of Benefit Terms-*None

*Changes of Assumptions-*There have been no changes in actuarial assumption since June 30, 2017.

*Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—*The total OPEB liability for CERS was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	27 years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of difference in market and expected market value
Price Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4.00%, average
Investment Return	7.50%
Payroll Growth	4.0%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 With Scale BB (set back 1 year females)
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing To an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over period of 5 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65) Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing To an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over period of 2 years.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.85%. The rate is based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.62%, as reported in Fidelity Index’s “20-Year Municipal GO AA Index” as of June 30, 2018. Future contributions from plan members and employers will be made with the Board’s current funding policy, which includes the requirement that each participating employer in the System contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate, which is determined using a closed funding period (26 years as of June 30, 2017) and actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board.

The following table presents the net OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 5.85%, as well as what the District’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.85%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.85%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
CERS District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	4.85%	5.85%	6.85%
	\$ 2,592,708	\$ 1,966,172	\$ 1,488,033

Sensitivity of the District’s proportionate share of net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.85%, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.85%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.85%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	4.85%	5.85%	6.85%
	\$ 1,486,170	\$ 1,966,172	\$ 2,597,318

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE J – COMMITMENTS

The District has commitments of \$19,515,029 as of June 30, 2019 for future construction projects. The District has committed fund balance for the General Fund of \$22,877 for site based council, \$157,020 for sick leave and \$281,184 for various construction or improvements projects. The District has committed fund balance for the District Activity Fund for student activities, \$18,168.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE K - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from Federal, State and Local governmental agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor’s review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and un-reimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District’s grant programs is predicated upon the grantors’ satisfaction the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors’ intent to continue their program.

NOTE L- LITIGATION

The District is currently involved in pending litigation which the attorney believes will result in a favorable outcome. They have been turned over to the insurance companies.

NOTE M – INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, illegal acts, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies, which are retrospectively rated and includes Workers’ Compensation insurance.

NOTE N – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to illegal acts, torts, theft/damage/destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers’ compensation, errors and omission, and general liability coverage, the District purchased commercial insurance policies.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Districts Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE O – DEFICIT FUND AND OPERATING BALANCES

The following funds had an operating deficit at the end of the fiscal year causing a reduction in the fund balance/net position. See schedule on following page.

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Change in Net Position/ Net Change in Fund Balance</u>
General	\$	(242,679)
Construction		(15,990,805)
Food Service	\$	(112,720)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE P - COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss (contingency).

NOTE Q – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Debt Service	General Fund	Debt Service	Debt Payments	\$ 143,334
Debt Service	Building Fund	Debt Service	Debt Payments	1,293,304
Operating	Capital Outlay	General Fund	Capital Projects	175,493
Operating	General Fund	Special Revenue	KETS	36,853
Construction	General Fund	Construction Fund	Capital Projects	\$ 355,397

NOTE R – ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For fiscal year 2019, the Commonwealth of Kentucky contributed estimated payments on behalf of the District as follows:

<u>Plan/Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Kentucky Teachers Retirement System (GASB 68 & 75)	\$ 2,391,770
Health Insurance	2,221,328
Life Insurance	3,728
Administrative Fee	30,756
HRA/Dental/Vision	115,958
Federal Reimbursement	(161,001)
Technology	78,423
SFCC Debt Service Payments	<u>2,681,191</u>
Total	\$ <u><u>7,362,153</u></u>

These amounts are included in the financial statements as state revenue and an expense allocated to the different functions in the same proportion as full-time employees.

NOTE S – UNEARNED LEASE REVENUE

The District purchased a building from Morehead State University on February 7, 2017 which currently houses the District Administration Office in the amount of \$5,395,000 where the District paid \$1,894,000 in cash and the balance to be paid is in the form of a lease of rental space to Morehead State University in the amount of \$3,501,000 through 6/30/37. The lease, \$3,501,000, was recorded in the government-wide financial statements as unearned revenue with amortization of lease rental income monthly in the amount of \$14,348. The balance of unearned lease revenue as of June 30, 2019 is \$3,099,246. The minimum future rental income as of June 30, 2019 is as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Year		
June 30,		
2020	\$	172,180
2021		172,180
2022		172,180
2023		172,180
2024		172,180
2025-2029		860,902
2030-2034		860,902
2035-2037		<u>516,541</u>
Total	\$	<u><u>3,099,246</u></u>

NOTE T – RESTRICTED FUNDS

The following funds had restricted fund balances.

<u>Fund</u>		<u>Amount</u>	<u>Purpose</u>
FSPK	\$	670,694	School Facilities Construction Commission Requirement
Proprietary Fund		6,292	School Food Service
Construction Fund	\$	6,510,015	Future Construction Projects

NOTE U – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through November 12, 2019, the date of the audit report.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
CERS and KTRS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2017 (2016)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2016 (2015)
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):				
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.11243%	0.11914%	0.121280%	0.12460%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,847,573	\$ 6,973,572	\$ 5,971,166	\$ 5,357,377
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	-	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 6,847,573</u>	<u>\$ 6,973,572</u>	<u>\$ 5,971,166</u>	<u>\$ 5,357,377</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,787,214	\$ 2,900,743	\$ 2,946,680	\$ 2,907,110
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	245.68%	240.41%	202.64%	184.29%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	53.54%	53.30%	59.00%	59.97%
KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS):				
Districts' proportion of the net pension liability	0.232%	0.235%	0.236%	0.244%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	30,408,671	63,444,526	69,738,845	56,735,788
Total	<u>\$ 30,408,671</u>	<u>\$ 63,444,526</u>	<u>\$ 69,738,845</u>	<u>\$ 56,735,788</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,304,991	\$ 8,245,309	\$ 8,186,786	\$ 8,204,104
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%	0.000%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	59.30%	39.80%	35.22%	42.29%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
CERS and KTRS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017	2016
COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS):				
Contractually required contribution	\$ 584,933	\$ 527,793	\$ 556,432	\$ 502,703
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	584,933	527,793	556,432	502,703
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,859,256	\$ 2,787,214	\$ 2,900,743	\$ 2,946,680
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	20.46%	18.94%	19.18%	17.06%
 KENTUCKY TEACHER'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS):				
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	-	-	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,494,456	\$ 8,304,991	\$ 8,245,309	\$ 8,186,786
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS
 For the year ended June 30, 2019

(1) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

KTRS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018:

- Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.
- Single Equivalent Interest Rate increased to 7.50%.

CERS

The following represents assumptions and changes of assumptions from the prior valuation to the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018:

- The assumed investment rate of return increased to 7.50%.
- The assumed rate of inflation increased to 3.25%.
- The Salary Increase increased to 4.00%.
- The Asset Valuation Method changed to 20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets.

(2) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

KTRS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of pay, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	27.4 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Projected Salary Increase	3.50 – 7.30%, includes wage inflation of 3.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, includes price inflation of 3.00%

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-PENSIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019

CERS

The Board of Trustees uses this actuarial valuation to certify the employer contribution rates for CERS for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018 and ending June 30, 2019. The amortization period of the unfunded liability has been reset as of July 1, 2013 to a closed 30-year period. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of that schedule:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	27 years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets is recognized
Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4% average
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%

(3) CHANGES OF BENEFITS

There were no changes of benefit terms for KTRS or CERS.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS - TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN		
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.12134%	0.12564%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 4,210,000	\$ 4,480,000
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	<u>3,628,000</u>	<u>3,660,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,838,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,140,000</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,304,991	\$ 8,245,309
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	55.77%	54.33%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	25.50%	21.20%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN		
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.00000%	0.00000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	<u>62,000</u>	<u>49,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 62,000</u>	<u>\$ 49,000</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,304,991	\$ 8,245,309
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	75.00%	80.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS
MEDICAL AND LIFE INSURANCE PLANS
TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 124,807	\$ 216,159
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	124,807	216,159
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,494,456	\$ 8,304,991
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	1.47%	2.60%
LIFE INSURANCE PLAN		
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,494,456	\$ 8,304,991
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY -HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN
COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2019 (2018)	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date) 2018 (2017)
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN		
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.11243%	0.11914%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,966,172	\$ 2,395,101
State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,966,172</u>	<u>\$ 2,395,101</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,787,214	\$ 2,900,743
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	70.54%	82.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	57.62%	13.00%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN
COUNTY EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEM
Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2019	2018
HEALTH INSURANCE PLAN		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 61,436	\$ 55,302
Contributions in relation to the contractually		
	61,436	55,302
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,859,256	\$ 2,787,214
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	2.15%	1.98%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for the last 10 fiscal years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Amounts presented for each fiscal is determined as of June 30.

See the accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019

TRS

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

There were no changes of benefit terms for the medical insurance fund or the life insurance fund.

(2) CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

Medical Insurance Fund

- The amortization period decreased to 23 years and the Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.

Life Insurance Fund

- Amortization period switched to closed.
- Projected salary increases increased to 4%.
- Inflation rate increased to 3.5%.
- Wage inflation increased to 4%.
- Municipal Bond Index Rate increased to 3.89%.

(3) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Medical Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	23 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Investment Rate of Return	8.0%, includes price inflation
Inflation	3.0%
Real Wage Growth	.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary Increase	3.50 to 7.20%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%

Life Insurance Fund

The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2019:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
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**MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION-OPEB**

For the year ended June 30, 2019

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	30 years, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.5%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.89%
Investment Rate of Return	7.5%, includes price inflation
Inflation	3.5%
Real Wage Growth	.50%
Wage Inflation	4.00%
Salary Increase	4.00-8.10%, including wage inflation
Discount Rate	8.0%

CERS

Other Pension Benefit Programs-Employees' Health Plan

(1) CHANGES OF BENEFIT TERMS

None.

(2) METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Recipients of CERS retirement benefits may elect to participate in a voluntary hospital/medical group insurance plan for themselves and their dependents. The cost of participation for their dependents is borne by the retiree. The retirement system will pay a portion of the cost of participation for the retiree based on years of service as follows: Less than 4 years – 0%, 4-9 years – 25%, 10-14 years – 50%, 15-19 years – 75% and 20 or more years – 100%.

Contributions requirements for medical benefits are a portion of the actuarially determined rates of covered payroll, as disclosed above.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Amortization Period	27 years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	20% of difference in market and expected market value
Price Inflation	3.25%
Salary Increase	4.00%, average
Investment Return	7.50%
Payroll Growth	4.0%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table, projected to 2013 With Scale BB (set back 1 year females)
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 7.50% and gradually decreasing To an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over period of 5 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post 65)	Initial trend starting at 5.50% and gradually decreasing To an ultimate trend rate of 5.00% over period of 2 years.

Morgan County School District
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 June 30, 2019

	Other Governmental Fund Types			
	Capital Outlay	FSPK	District Activity	Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ -	\$ 670,694	\$ 18,168	\$ 688,862
Total Assets	-	670,694	18,168	688,862
Fund Balances				
Restricted	-	670,694		670,694
Committed	-		18,168	18,168
Total Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 670,694	\$ 18,168	\$ 688,862

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 Year ended June 30, 2019

	Other Governmental Fund Types			
	Capital Outlay	FSPK	District Activity	Total
Revenues				
From Local Sources				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 428,144	\$ -	\$ 428,144
Student activities			44,809	44,809
Other local revenue			5,045	5,045
Intergovernmental - State	175,493	1,035,470		1,210,963
Total Revenues	<u>175,493</u>	<u>1,463,614</u>	<u>49,854</u>	<u>1,688,961</u>
Expenditures				
Instruction			17,626	17,626
Support Services				
Instructional Staff			29,634	29,634
Total Expenditures	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,260</u>	<u>47,260</u>
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>175,493</u>	<u>1,463,614</u>	<u>2,594</u>	<u>1,641,701</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers (Out)	(175,493)	(1,293,304)		(1,468,797)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(175,493)</u>	<u>(1,293,304)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,468,797)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	170,310	2,594	172,904
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>-</u>	<u>500,384</u>	<u>15,574</u>	<u>515,958</u>
Fund balance - Ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 670,694</u>	<u>\$ 18,168</u>	<u>\$ 688,862</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Combining Balance Sheet of Fiduciary Fund - School Activity Funds
 June 30, 2019

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

	<u>MORGAN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL</u>	<u>MORGAN COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL</u>	<u>EAST VALLEY ELEMENTARY</u>	<u>EZEL ELEMENTARY</u>	<u>MORGAN CENTRAL ELEMENTARY</u>	<u>WRIGLEY ELEMENTARY</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,126	\$ 29,159	\$ 3,974	\$ 3,750	\$ 2,925	\$ 5,019	\$ 133,953
Accounts receivable	7,928	198	500		717	490	9,833
Total Assets	<u>97,054</u>	<u>29,357</u>	<u>4,474</u>	<u>3,750</u>	<u>3,642</u>	<u>5,509</u>	<u>143,786</u>
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE							
School activities	<u>97,054</u>	<u>29,357</u>	<u>4,474</u>	<u>3,750</u>	<u>3,642</u>	<u>5,509</u>	<u>143,786</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 97,054</u>	<u>\$ 29,357</u>	<u>\$ 4,474</u>	<u>\$ 3,750</u>	<u>\$ 3,642</u>	<u>\$ 5,509</u>	<u>\$ 143,786</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance
School Activity Funds
Year ended June 30, 2019

	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS						
	MORGAN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL	MORGAN COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL	EAST VALLEY ELEMENTARY	EZEL ELEMENTARY	MORGAN CENTRAL ELEMENTARY	WRIGLEY ELEMENTARY	TOTAL
Revenues							
Student revenues	\$ 338,733	\$ 119,629	\$ 44,879	\$ 15,849	\$ 48,333	\$ 56,248	\$ 623,671
Total Revenues	338,733	119,629	44,879	15,849	48,333	56,248	623,671
Expenses							
Student activities	324,692	116,290	46,071	14,832	48,774	53,516	604,175
Total Expenses	324,692	116,290	46,071	14,832	48,774	53,516	604,175
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenses	14,041	3,339	(1,192)	1,017	(441)	2,732	19,496
Fund balance, beginning	83,013	26,018	5,666	2,733	4,083	2,777	124,290
Fund balance, ending	\$ 97,054	\$ 29,357	\$ 4,474	\$ 3,750	\$ 3,642	\$ 5,509	\$ 143,786

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance - Morgan County High School
Year ended June 30, 2019

	FUND BALANCE BEGINNING	REVENUES	EXPENSES	TRANSFERS	FUND BALANCE ENDING
DISTRICT-FUND 21	\$ -	\$ 6,888	\$ 7,038	\$ 150	\$ -
ADAMS	272	1,158	856	-	574
MATH CLUB	50	-	-	-	50
STUDENT GENERATED	3,783	32,305	25,477	(2,378)	8,233
STAFF GENERATED	1,372	9,439	4,289	-	6,522
ARTS CLUB	43	2,295	1,783	-	555
VISUAL ARTS CLUB	89	-	-	-	89
FBLA	-	644	1,014	371	1
BOOK CLUB	49	993	965	-	77
SAAD CLUB	3,843	1,710	1,137	-	4,416
FFA	1,940	22,890	23,629	-	1,201
FEA	-	166	164	-	2
FCCLA	317	180	308	-	189
NATIONAL HONOR SOCIETY	2,417	12,379	14,993	945	748
TSA	691	3,343	3,596	-	438
STUDENT COUNCIL	5,760	2,500	1,355	-	6,905
BAND	835	698	715	-	818
ATHLETICS	11,432	45,227	47,028	(1,250)	8,381
CHEERLEADERS	9,883	8,767	15,266	-	3,384
CROSS COUNTRY	1,315	1,099	2,356	1,000	1,058
TRACK	1,471	3,296	3,007	1,000	2,760
BOYS SOCCER	1,209	2,557	3,069	1,000	1,697
GIRLS SOCCER	865	1,175	1,876	1,000	1,164
VOLLEYBALL	1,018	1,609	2,654	1,000	973
TENNIS	6,443	8,350	9,623	1,000	6,170
QUARTERBACK CLUB	3,731	4,576	-	(3,731)	4,576
FOOTBALL	1,999	-	3,221	4,731	3,509
SOFTBALL	5,009	17,743	21,114	500	2,138
BOYS GOLF	-	-	569	750	181
GIRLS GOLF	418	-	595	900	723
CLASS OF 2019	1,723	31,396	32,901	-	218
PROJECT PROM	1,243	1,750	1,264	-	1,729
CLASS OF 2021	1,228	2,274	1,953	851	2,400
CLASS OF 2022	3	1,772	1,277	-	498
CLASS OF 2020	4,035	17,637	11,368	(851)	9,453
GIRLS BASKETBALL	774	11,353	11,038	(500)	589
BOYS BASKETBALL	533	850	1,000	-	383
SCIENCE	32	-	-	-	32
BASEBALL	2,416	43,444	40,281	500	6,079
CONCESSIONS/ATHLETICS	1,000	22,679	13,584	(8,000)	2,095
YEARBOOK	855	935	673	-	1,117
AP ENGLISH III	-	4,558	5,570	1,012	-
INTERACT CLUB	799	1,814	1,204	-	1,409
ANTI-BULLY PROJECT	277	-	277	-	-
DRAMA CLUB	1,409	1,735	2,458	-	686
PROJECT PROM DRESS	1	500	218	-	283
YOUTH SERVICE	431	1,177	757	-	851
JAG	-	526	320	-	206
WORK READY	-	106	103	-	3
BASS FISHING	-	2,025	749	-	1,276
COSTA RICA TRIP	-	215	-	-	215
	<u>\$ 83,013</u>	<u>\$ 338,733</u>	<u>\$ 324,692</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 97,054</u>

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Morgan County School District
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Program or Award Amount	Expenditures
US Department of Agriculture					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
School Breakfast Program	10.553				
Fiscal Year 18		7760005 18	\$ -	N/A	\$ 82,702
Fiscal Year 19		7760005 19	-	N/A	288,104
National School Lunch Program	10.555				
Fiscal Year 18		7750002 18	-	N/A	199,549
Fiscal Year 19		7750002 19	-	N/A	721,873
Summer Food Service Program For Children	10.559				
Fiscal Year 18		7690024 18	-	N/A	1,822
Fiscal Year 19		7690024 19	-	N/A	364
Summer Food Service Program For Children	10.559				
Fiscal Year 18		7740023 18	-	N/A	17,446
Fiscal Year 19		7740023 19	-	N/A	3,532
Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal					<u>1,315,392</u>
Child and Adult Care	10.558				
Fiscal Year 19		7790021 19	-	N/A	3,859
Child and Adult Care	10.558				
Fiscal Year 19		7800016 19	-	N/A	274
					<u>4,133</u>
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture					
Food Donation-Commodities	10.565				
Fiscal Year 19		510.4950	-	N/A	97,378
Total US Department of Agriculture					<u>1,416,903</u>
US Department of Education					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
* Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010A				
Fiscal Year 19		3100002 19	-	836,448	714,499
Title I - Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.013				
Fiscal Year 19		313E	-	27,000	26,286
Special Education Grants to States	84.027A				
Fiscal Year 18		3810002 18	-	451,062	66,621
Fiscal Year 19		3810002 19	-	455,805	419,191
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173A				
Fiscal Year 17		3800002 17	-	22,821	8,405
Fiscal Year 18		3800002 18	-	22,821	12,015
Fiscal Year 19		3800002 19	-	22,821	2,218
Special Education Cluster					<u>508,450</u>
Vocation Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048				
Fiscal Year 18		3710002 18	-	604	604
Fiscal Year 19		3710002 19	-	15,807	15,807
					<u>16,411</u>
Adult Education	84.002				
Fiscal Year 19		371E	-	6,000	2,966
Title IV Part A	84.424A				
Fiscal Year 19		3420002 19	-	60,925	60,105
Rural Education	84.358B				
Fiscal Year 19		3140002 19	-	36,913	29,509
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367A				
Fiscal Year 19		3230002 19	-	100,737	95,591
Total US Department of Education					<u>1,453,817</u>
US Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through State Department of Education					
Improving Student Health & Academics	93.981				
Fiscal Year 19		2200001 19	-	14,000	14,000
Total US Department of Health and Human Services					<u>14,000</u>
Total Expenditure of Federal Awards				\$	<u>2,884,720</u>

* Major program

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE A – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Morgan County School District under the programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Morgan County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE B – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represents adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District received food commodities totaling \$97,378.

NOTE D – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Morgan County School District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Morgan County School District
West Liberty, KY

and the State Committee for School District Audits

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit contract and Requirements issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Morgan County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Morgan County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Morgan County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morgan County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morgan County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Morgan County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Morgan County School District in a separate letter dated November 12, 2019.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY

November 12, 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education of the Morgan County School District
West Liberty, KY
and the State Committee of School District Audits

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Morgan County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Morgan County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Morgan County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Morgan County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits, in the *Auditor Responsibilities* and *State Compliance Requirements* sections contained in the Kentucky Public School Districts' Audit contract and Requirements. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Morgan County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Morgan County School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Morgan County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Morgan County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Morgan County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on

the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morgan County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

White & Associates, PSC

Richmond, KY

November 12, 2019

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Year Ended June 30, 2019

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR’S RESULTS

What type of report was issued for the financial statements?	Unmodified
Were there significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed? If so, was any significant deficiencies material (GAGAS)?	None Reported
Was any material noncompliance reported (GAGAS)?	No
Were there material weaknesses in internal control disclosed for major programs?	No
Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control disclosed that were not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
What type of report was issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Did the audit disclose findings as it relates to major programs that Is required to be reported as described in the Uniform Guidance?	No
Major Programs	Title I [CFDA 84.010A]
Dollar threshold of Type A and B programs	\$750,000
Low risk auditee?	Yes

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

No findings at the financial statement level.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

No findings at the major federal award programs level.

MORGAN COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no prior audit findings.

MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS

Morgan County School District
West Liberty, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Morgan County School District for the year ended June 30, 2019, we considered the District's internal controls in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. We previously reported on the District's internal control in our report dated November 12, 2019. This letter does not affect our report dated November 12, 2019, on the financial statements of the Morgan County School District. The conditions observed are as follows:

EZEL ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

WRIGLEY ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

MORGAN CENTRAL ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

EAST VALLEY ELEMENTARY

No conditions.

MORGAN COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

1-19

Statement of Condition: Instances of checks written not having two signatures. (721, 722, 737, 769, 788)

Recommendation for Correction: The principal (or appointed designee) and school treasurer should insure all checks written have two signatures; one of which shall be that of the principal (or appointed designee) and the other being the school treasurer.

Management Response to the Recommendation: The school treasurer will insure that every check written will have two signatures, one being the Principal, and the other being the school treasurer before being submitted for payment.

MORGAN COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

2-19

Statement of Condition: Instances of lack of segregation of duties in the process of ticket sales. (11156, 11175, 11411, 11436)

Recommendation for Correction: Precautions must be taken to protect activity fund money from loss and limit the liability of persons handling money. The ticket seller gives the entire ticket to the customer and collects the fee. The ticket taker tears the ticket in half, gives half to the customer, and retains half. The ticket seller and the ticket taker must be two separate people. Both must sign the Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales (F-SA-1) form.

Management's Response to the Recommendation: The principal will ensure that staff will receive further training on how to properly sell tickets at events. The staff selling tickets will give the entire ticket to the customer and collect the fee. The ticket taker will tear the ticket in half, give half to the customer, and retain half. The principal will make sure there are two staff members at every event, one to be the ticket seller and one to be the ticket taker. Both staff members will be responsible to fill out the Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales (F-SA-1) form.

All prior year conditions have been implemented and corrected. Dr. C. Thomas Potter Superintendent is the person responsible for initiation of the corrective action plan for the above conditions which will be implemented immediately. The corrective action plan is the management response for each condition.

We would like to thank the Finance Officer and their department for their support and assistance during our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Education, management, and others within the district and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

White & Associates, PSC

White & Associates, PSC
Richmond, Kentucky
November 12, 2019